6331 - Algorithms, Spring 2014, CSE, OSU Homework 2 Instructor: Anastasios Sidiropoulos Due date: Jan 20, 2014

Problem 1. A Max-Heap with n elements is a full binary tree with n nodes, and is represented as an array A[1...n]. Suppose that instead of a full binary tree, we use a full k-ary tree. That is, every node can have at most k children, instead of just two.

- (a) How would you represent such a full k-ary tree using an array A[1...n]? In particular, where is every node of the tree stored in the array? For a node stored at location A[i], where is its parent stored? Where are its children stored?
- (b) Where are the leaves of the tree stored in the array?
- (c) How would you modify the procedures Max-Heapify, and Build-Max-Heap, so that they can use your new representation? What is the new running time of these procedures?
- (d) Based on your above findings, is there a benefit in using a full k-ary tree, for some k > 2, instead of a full binary tree?

Problem 2. The running time of the Heapsort algorithm is $O(n \cdot \log n)$.

- (a) What is the best possible running time for Heapsort? Justify your answer by giving an array A[1...n], and proving that Heapsort on input A achieves your claimed running time. Why is this running time the best possible?
- (b) Give an array A[1...n], and prove that running Heapsort on input A takes time $\Omega(n \cdot \log n)$.